



Federal Education Funding for FY2010

This chart highlights funding levels for select education programs. The comparison includes the Administration's budget request to Congress for FY2010 vs. FY2009 appropriations, and lists final FY2010 funding allocations. Applicable funding provided for some programs through the economic stimulus bill, the *American Recovery & Reinvestment Act* (ARRA), is also listed.

Program	FY 2009 ¹	FY 2010 Budget Request to Congress	Consolidated Appropriations Bill passed by House & Senate Agreement (12/13/09) ² H.R. 3288 – Division B	ARRA Funding (if applicable) ³
Title I Grants for Disadvantaged Students	\$14.5 billion	\$13 billion ⁴	\$14.5 billion	\$10 billion
Title I School Improvement Grants	\$545.6 million	\$1.5 billion	\$545.6 million	\$3 billion
Special Education (Part B) Grants to States	\$11.5 billion	\$11.5 billion	\$11.5 billion	\$11.7 billion (IDEA-Part B funding includes \$11.3 billion for grants to students ages 6-21 and \$400 million for preschool children)
Teacher Quality	\$2.95 billion	\$2.95 billion	\$2.95 billion	\$100 million
Teacher Incentive Fund	\$97 million	\$487 million	\$400 million	\$200 million
Education Technology	\$269 million	\$100 million	\$100 million	\$650 million
21st Century Community Learning Centers	\$1.13 billion	\$1.13 billion	\$1.18 billion	---
Safe Schools & Citizenship Education	\$515 million	\$283.6 million	\$393 million ⁵	---
Impact Aid	\$1.26 billion	\$1.26 billion	\$1.276 billion	\$100 million (school construction)
Career & Technical Education State Grants	\$1.16 billion	\$1.16 billion	\$1.16 billion	---
English Language Acquisition Grants	\$730 million	\$730 million	\$750 million	---
High School Graduation Initiative	---	\$50 million	\$50 million	---

*Numbers are rounded to the nearest decimal.

¹ The regular appropriations process each year is the traditional source of federal funding for all domestic programs, including education. Supplemental funding, such as the *American Recovery & Reinvestment Act* (ARRA) in the last column, is generally a one-time, temporary allocation. As a point of reference for FY2011 funding and related advocacy efforts, FY2009 appropriations (in column 2) reflect the funding base in which Title I grants and special education (IDEA) received increases (which were about \$600 million each, compared to FY2008).

² House and Senate leaders reached an agreement for final education funding allocations that were included in an FY2010 Consolidated Appropriations bill. The President signed the bill on December 16.

³ Temporary funding provided by the *American Recovery & Reinvestment Act* (ARRA) is being awarded during Fiscal Years 2009 and 2010. Please refer to specific program guidance from the U.S. Department of Education to determine when ARRA funding for certain programs must be obligated for use. Additional ARRA information is available at www.nsba.org/economicstimulus.

⁴ The Administration's FY2010 budget request to Congress included proposals to redirect \$1.5 billion of Title I funding to Title I School Improvement Grants and new programs including Early Childhood Grants (\$500 million), a High School Graduation Initiative (\$50 million), an Early Learning Challenge Fund (\$300 million), and Teacher Incentive Fund (\$420 million). However, the final appropriations bill maintains the Title I funding level of \$14.5 billion.

⁵ Pursuant to the Administration's budget request, FY2010 funding guidelines for Safe & Drug-Free Schools and Communities altered the program by eliminating funding for state formula grants (\$294.8 million), while increasing national programs funding. Under this restructuring, grants are to be available through a federal discretionary grant program.